

A BLOODY TRAGEDY IN TENNESSEE

Which Resulted In Four deaths And Three Persons Wounded.

GREW OUT OF LABOR TROUBLES

The Dead Men Were Killed by Guards Employed by the Tennessee Coal Creek Company to Protect Non-Union Miners.

Knoxville, Tenn., Feb. 8.—A bloody tragedy was enacted Sunday in the little mining town of Coal Creek, Tenn., forty miles northwest of Knoxville, as the result of which four lives were snuffed out and three persons wounded, one perhaps fatally. The clash was the culmination of the trouble between union and non-union labor. Three of the dead men were killed by guards employed by the Coal Creek Company, while the fourth victim, a deputy sheriff, was killed by a guard he had gone to arrest.

Those Killed Were: Monroe Black, a miner, married; leaves a wife.

Jacob Sharp, section hand, a bystander; leaves a wife and six children. Deputy Sheriff Robert S. Harmon, killed by Cal Burton, a guard at the Briceville mine.

The Wounded Are: A. R. Watts, merchant at Coal Creek, an innocent bystander, shot through both cheeks.

Mote Cox, miner, shot through left arm.

Jeff Hoskins, engineer on the Southern Railroad, slightly wounded.

Killing Results From Taunts.

Recently a dozen guards in charge of the Coal Creek Company, who served as lieutenants of police in this city for many years, were employed to guard the mines and protect the men who had been induced to go to work. Non-union men were being brought to the mines rapidly for a few days, and Reeder and his guards would go to the railroad station to meet them. Sunday a crowd of idlers around the station was increased. Reeder and twelve guards came from the mines to meet a few non-union men who were to arrive on the morning train. When the non-union men got off the train and were seen by a number of small boys they began yelling "scab," and the killing grew out of this taunt.

Deputy Sheriff Harmon Killed.

It is hard to tell what the provocation was, but the miners must have crowded up and attempted to take away the non-union men bodily or offered some direct insult to the guards. Reeder and another guard drew their pistols and began shooting. Reeder doing most of it. The miners and bystanders were taken by surprise, and before they could realize what had happened the guards had climbed into their wagon and driven back to the mines. About 12 o'clock a dispute arose between Deputy Sheriff Bob Harmon and Guard Cal Burton. Burton shot Harmon twice, killing him instantly.

HE IS WANTED FOR MURDER.

Edward Saxo Surrenders to the Police at Omaha, Neb., for Murder Committed in St. Louis.

Omaha, Neb., Feb. 8.—Edward Saxo, who says he has been told he is wanted for the murder of John Moog in St. Louis one year ago, surrendered to the police here Saturday.

Chief Donahue, chief of police of St. Louis, and a reply was received that Saxo is the man wanted in St. Louis. Saxo says he will return without requisition papers.

Saxo said he has been in the navy since the night of the clear store robbery, and has been within 100 miles of St. Louis. He says he is innocent of the crime.

WANTS SPECIAL GRAND JURY.

To Consider Criminal Indictments in Connection With the Iroquois Theater Fire.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 8.—Formal application will be filed today by the state's attorney for a special grand jury to consider criminal indictments in connection with the Iroquois theater fire.

Louis Wilze, convicted of having robbed the body of a woman victim of the Iroquois theater fire, was denied a new trial by Judge Gary Saturday, and was sentenced to the penitentiary for an indefinite period. Thomas J. McCarthy and Charles D. Conway, convicted with him, were granted new trials.

Logan, Ia., Church Burned.

Logan, Ia., Feb. 8.—Fire in the First Christian church, which broke out just after service began Sunday, created a panic. The flames communicated to the bell tower, which fell in a few minutes after the congregation had gotten out. None of the members were hurt, but several had narrow escapes. The loss is \$10,000.

Husband Kills Wife and Himself.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 8.—Crazed by jealousy because his wife refused to live with him, Edward Kinney Saturday night shot his wife, Cora Kinney, in the head at the residence of Calvin Osborne, 822 East Allen street. He then shot himself in the head.

Condition of Gen. Black Improved.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The condition of Gen. J. C. Black, civil service commissioner and commander-in-chief of the grand army of the republic, who has been ill, is reported to be decidedly improved.

Joseph Kipley.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Former chief of Police Kipley died Saturday at his residence in this city. He had been suffering from stomach troubles. A few days ago he underwent an operation, from which he was too feeble to rally.

Henry W. Oliver Very Ill.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 8.—Henry W. Oliver, the well-known iron and steel master, is critically ill at his home in Allegheny. He is suffering from an affection of the kidneys.

SENATOR HANNA'S CONDITION

His Extreme Weakness Is More Marked Than Heretofore.

The Senator Is Taking No Nourishment Except a Little Milk, and Is Too Weak to Talk.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Senator Hanna passed Sunday without any radical change in his condition. His extreme weakness was more marked than heretofore and his temperature was a little higher. Those attending him, however, insist there is nothing significant in these conditions, and that there are no developments on which to change their expressed belief that the outlook is hopeful for the senator's recovery. There was a consultation of Dr. Rixey and two out-of-town physicians during the day, but the only important development that transpired as to the consultation was that it had been decided to omit the evening call of the attending physicians, so as to give the patient more rest.

The consultation was held about 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon. Those who participated beside Dr. Rixey, the surgeon general of the navy, who is the regular attending physician, were Dr. Osler, the expert diagnostician of Johns Hopkins university of Baltimore, and Dr. Brewer of New York, who has frequently attended Senator Hanna in New York, and who is familiar with his general condition. Immediately after the consultation the following bulletin was issued:

"Senator Hanna is doing well. His morning temperature was a little higher, but the heart's action is good, and there are no complications."

(Signed)

"DRS. RIXEY AND OSLER."

The physicians explain that it is to be expected that the fever will increase until the crisis is passed, but they do not name any definite date when that crucial period will be reached.

The senator is taking no nourishment except milk. He is too weak except to talk an occasional few words to those who are attending him. Mrs. Hanna and Miss Phelps, his niece, being the only ones permitted to see him, besides the physicians and trained nurses.

IROQUOIS WILL OPEN AGAIN.

Contracts for Refitting the Theater Have Been Let and It Will Soon Be Reopened to the Public.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—A contract has been let for refitting and redecorating the Iroquois theater, in which 372 lives were lost on December 30 last. It has been uncertain whether the Iroquois would open again as a playhouse, but the letting of the contract for repairs indicates that the theater will be reopened to the public as a place of amusement.

The cost of repairs will be \$22,000, and the management hope to reopen the house in the early spring. It is said the name of the theater will be changed to the "Northwest."

WAS FOUND FROZEN STIFF.

Michael Whalen of Ashland, Wis., Became Bewildered in Blizzard and Perished in Snow Drift.

Ashland, Wis., Feb. 8.—One death has been reported as a result of the terrific blizzard which has been raging here, and there is not much doubt that more fatalities have occurred. Street car traffic has been entirely suspended. All logging operations are seriously hampered. Reports from logging camps for over a hundred miles along the south shore of Lake Superior show that immense drifts have practically brought operations to a standstill.

Michael Whalen, an ore trimmer, was found frozen stiff within a few feet of his residence. He had started to come in from the camp, but evidently became bewildered by the storm and wandered about until benumbed, when he sank into a snow drift and perished.

SEATS WILL BE HARD TO GET.

Changes in Coliseum to Comply With New Building Ordinances Takes Out Many Seats.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—The action of the city building department in limiting the seating capacity of the coliseum, where the national republican convention will be held, to 8,000, has thrown members of the national subcommittee and local politicians into a turmoil. The action comes, of course, as the result of the Iroquois fire horror and the reforms started by Mayor Harrison following the disaster. With all public halls and gathering places the seating capacity has been reduced.

This will compel a reduction in the apportionment of tickets of admission to the different states from what had been expected. It is proposed to give Chicago about 2,000 tickets to each session of the convention. These will be turned over to the local committee for distribution.

Conductor Shot by Robbers.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—Two unidentified robbers shot and fatally wounded George Becker, a conductor on the Western Avenue electric line, early Saturday morning, when he resisted their attempts to rob him at the Fullerton avenue terminus.

More Closed Factories.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—Seven more carriages and wagon factories have closed because of the demands of the union for increased wages and a closed shop. There are now 101 factories closed and 1,058 men idle.

Is 102 and Still Active.

Fayette, Mo., Feb. 7.—Mrs. Nancy Mitchell, of Fayette, has just celebrated her one hundred and second birthday anniversary. She lives with her grandson, Marshall William Slaughter, and is remarkably active for one of her age.

Henry W. Oliver Critically Ill.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 7.—Henry W. Oliver, the well-known iron and steel master, is critically ill at his home in Allegheny. He is suffering from an affection of the kidneys.

A SLICK SWINDLER CAUGHT

Charged With Defrauding Women All Over the United States.

Postal Authorities Claim He Has Operated a Mail Order Business Under Fifteen Different Names.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—C. W. Thompson, who, the postal authorities claim, has operated a mail order business under 15 different names, was arrested here Friday by detectives from Post Office Inspector Stuart's office, on the charge of misusing the United States mails. Women in all parts of the country, who believed they would be paid \$30 for copying each 100 letters are, according to the postal officials, victims of Thompson's scheme. Thompson was held in \$1,000 bonds for a hearing of the case, February 15.

"Thompson's latest scheme was on the endless chain plan," said Inspector Stuart Friday night. "After a woman would write to him and express her willingness to copy letters at 30 cents each he would cause her to send 50 cents for 'membership in the bureau.'"

"Instead of allowing the women to go to work, Thompson would then require them to get a friend to send 50 cents for a membership, and would promise to give 30 cents for each member thus secured."

Some of the titles used by Thompson in carrying on the scheme were: Women's Co-operative club, Women's Industrial association, Amazon Advertising Agency, Occidental Wholesale Co. and the Occidental Commercial Agency.

FAIR LOAN PASSES SENATE.

St. Louis World's Fair Will Get \$4,600,000 From Government—To Be Repaid From Gate Receipts.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The senate voted Friday in favor of loaning the St. Louis World's fair \$4,600,000. The vote came up on the proposition to keep that clause in the urgent deficiency bill. The result of the vote was favorable, and the loan will be made.

The exposition company agrees to pay Uncle Sam back out of the first gate receipts. After the entire urgent deficiency bill is passed the measure will go to the house, where an effort will be made to put it through without unnecessary delay.

The point of order raised by Mr. Bailey against the Louisiana Purchase exposition amendment, providing for a loan of \$4,600,000, was submitted to the senate and overruled. The amendment was then agreed to and the bill passed.

VOTE URGED ON CANAL TREATY

Senator Cullom Says There Is Nothing to Be Gained by Delay, and Urges an Early Vote.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Senator Cullom, in executive session of the senate Friday, again urged the democrats to permit the Panama canal treaty to come to a vote at an early date. This in effect was agreed to by the democrats, but they would not bind themselves to any date. Senator Cullom asked that a time be fixed within the next two weeks, and argued that there was nothing to be gained by delay, as it was evident there was little more to be said on either side for or against the treaty. Few senators now want to be heard, and all thought that within a week or ten days a vote may be reached without the formality of binding the senate to any specific date.

SNOW TWENTY FEET DEEP.

Express Trains On the Montana Railroad Tied Up in Drifts, Causing Suffering to Passengers.

Lewiston, Mont., Feb. 6.—Pushed by four locomotives, the great snow plow on the Montana railroad Friday reached the first train that has reached this place in ten days. During that time three express trains have been tied up in the drift between here and Helena, and it being impossible to send them aid, some of the passengers suffered for food. Two trains are still tied up. In some places the drifts were 20 feet deep.

MURDERED IN THEIR HOME.

Frank Barker Is Under Arrest On Charge of Robbing and Murdering His Brother and Wife.

Riverton, Neb., Feb. 6.—Dan Barker and his wife have been found murdered in their home near this place. Barker's brother, Frank, is under arrest for the crime. The Barkers are related to Tom Madison, the murderer who is a fugitive from justice during a long chase in Smith county, Kas., several weeks ago. The dead couple had \$200 in the house, and this was missing after the murder.

A Jury Finally Secured.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—The twelfth jury was secured Friday night for the trial of Marx, Neidermeier and Van Dine, the car barn bandits, and the taking of evidence will commence today. Twenty-four days have been consumed in the work of securing a jury.

According to Custom of Quakers.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Senator Proctor introduced a bill Friday authorizing marriages in the District of Columbia according to the custom of the Society of Friends, or Quakers.

McClellan's Order Complied With.

New York, Feb. 6.—Mayor McClellan's order to close the Grand opera house was complied with Friday night by the management. A strong force of police was present to enforce the order if necessary.

Penny Negotiates Big Loan.

New York, Feb. 6.—The Pennsylvania Railroad Co. has arranged to borrow \$50,000,000 from a syndicate, the money, it is said, being intended chiefly for improving the main line from New York to Chicago.

TARIFF REFORM POSSIBLE.

Public Opinion Will Force Republican Senators to Vote for Revision.

The outlook for tariff reform was never brighter than at present. The election of a democratic president is more promising than at any time since 1892, and a democratic majority in the next house of representatives is more than probable. A change of only a few votes in a majority of the close states and congressional districts will produce that happy result. Every one, by talking with his neighbors, can find a considerable percentage of republicans who are either denouncing trust extortion, or are disgusted with the policy of their leaders.

The independent voter, the suffering working man whose wages are being reduced; the farmer who is paying protection prices and whose products sell in competition with the world; the citizen of limited income who finds the cost of living beyond his means; all of these, who are not hide bound partisans, are awaiting the opportunity to vote for tariff reform. These and other voters are not made more satisfied with conditions, since the manifest attempt of the republicans to confine the investigation of grafting and looting in the government service to the lesser rascals.

A large element of conservative republicans is dissatisfied with President Roosevelt and many are openly opposing his nomination for another term. A much greater number are secretly working for his defeat. Many of the old soldiers are disgruntled with the aspect of affairs; they fear the departure from the honest and less spectacular government of former years and long for the return to the more conservative administration of Lincoln and the other fathers of the republican party. In some of the most important states, such as New York, Indiana and Illinois, the prospect is that enough of these dissatisfied elements to turn the scale will vote against their party or stay at home on election day.

Those voters whose hearts are set upon reforming the tariff and curbing the exactions of the trusts, but who think the senate will stand as a bulwark against reform, can take courage when they remember there are a number of republican senators who are inoculated with the anti-trust virus and will respond to the public demand for reasonable tariff reform and an honest and economical administration of national affairs. With a democratic president and a majority of the house of representatives of the same political affiliation there will be found enough senators to pass a reform bill that will at least reduce the tariff so that trust productions will be sold as cheaply here as abroad.

PHILIPPINE TARIFF WALL.

It Should Be Dispensed With in the Interests of Both Countries.

"We are taxing the people of the Philippines 75 per cent. of the Dingley tariff rates on their products that are imported into the United States. They are naturally asking us to abolish, or at least reduce, that exorbitant tax on their business relations with us. The United States bought the Philippines from Spain and we have undertaken to govern them for our own benefit. It has proven to be a costly experiment and will probably always remain a tax upon the American people; but to raise up a tariff wall to prevent their products from coming here and our products from reaching them would seem to be taking an unfair advantage of a poor, defenseless people. The only excuse for taking the Philippines and governing them in the way that imperial governments rule their colonies is that it will eventually be profitable to the American people. But even the financial prospect is not encouraging; for all of our profits so far would not pay for the beer that the United States army in the Philippines consumes. The only way they ever will be a profitable investment is to encourage them to grow tropical products that we need and so give them money enough to buy our products in return. A high tariff tax at both ends of the route will not bring that about; yet the protectionists are opposed to abolishing or even reducing the tariff wall between us."

The representatives in congress of the protected industries, such as sugar and tobacco, are denouncing any attempt to reduce the Philippine tariff and declare they will fight it more bitterly than they fought Cuban reciprocity. The time must come, however, if we continue to hold the Philippines, when there will be free trade between these islands and the United States. There is no more reason for a tariff wall between us and the Philippines than there was for continuing the tariff against Porto Rico. We have reduced the tariff in Cuban products and we do not own that island, how can we refuse to do better than that for our own colony?"

A few protected interests should not be allowed to stand in the way of giving the American people all the advantages that are possible in return for their enormous outlay in purchasing and holding the Philippines, and any tax on trade is to our advantage.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—The Hanna boom lacks cabinet facilities. Mr. Roosevelt has coaxed in, dragged in, roped in and fenced in a cabinet appointee, pretty nearly every statesman "mentioned" as a possible rival.—Albany Argus.

—From a republican source it comes that President Roosevelt has deserted his loyal friend Foraker. He will pin his hope on Hanna and trust to luck. Of course it is known to the president that Hanna will control the Ohio delegation anyway, and he wants that nomination so badly that he can taste it.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

—So far as can be discerned, there is nothing whatever in the issue of all-verism but Mr. Bryan's own personality, yet his trumpeting alone concerning "reaffirmation" are enough to create almost a panic. It must be an unusual personality that can thus bedevil a political situation that is bounded by a continent. It has been Mr. Bryan's week—but there are weeks and weeks to come. If Mr. Bryan actually expects to force another endorsement of free silver, he is expecting the impossible. The majority will rule.—Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

A SIGNIFICANT BANQUET.

Corporation Magnates and Trust Millionaires Enjoy White House Hospitality.

The evidence has at last come out that all the talk of President Roosevelt's opposition to the trusts and Wall street was sheer political buncombe. The list of guests present at the white house on the dinner on January 28th in honor of the supreme court included A. J. Cassatt, president of the Pennsylvania railroad; James Stillman, president of the First National Bank of New York and head of the Rockefeller banking syndicate; William F. Draper, head of the cotton machinery trust; Representative Littauer, charged with illegal profits from army glove contracts; Norman B. Read, director of the steel trust; besides other great financial magnates and corporation attorneys. As these great banquets are in the public eye and are exploited in the society columns of the newspapers, the invitations to the trusts and financial millionaires show plainly that all the talk about their being opposed to the nomination and election of Roosevelt is but an endeavor to captivate the "plain people" with the idea that the republican president of the United States, like other people, does not invite guests with whom he does not wish to associate, or with whom he is not on the most friendly terms. The state banquet to the supreme court is one of the great events of the Washington social season and to be invited to meet the chief justice and his associates is considered a great honor and much sought after. The guests are carefully selected and with premeditation. It is therefore strangely significant that the president should select the head of the great Rockefeller syndicate and one of the leading members of the Morgan steel trust to meet the judges who have an important trust case now under consideration and would, if the administration was really opposed to the trusts, have these very men on trial for conspiracy in restraint of trade. Whatever object President Roosevelt may have had in thus bringing the judiciary in touch with the trusts he has most certainly served notice on the voters that he is on the most friendly terms with the great corporation interests and the most important members of the Wall street crowd and the money power.

These republican newspapers which have been attempting to fool the people into believing that they had a trust buster in the white house will soon have to be singing a new song, the burden of which will be that the great financial interests of the country are united in support of the party and its nominee, who alone will conserve the great business interests. The exigencies of the campaign may require this open alliance between President Roosevelt and the trusts that the campaign coffers may be filled, without which the wheels of the republican chariot would drag heavily and the voice of their spell-binders be hushed. The trusts are still in the saddle and looking forward to another long lease of prosperity if Mr. Roosevelt is elected president of the United States.

PROTECTION RUN MAD.

One-Hundred Per Cent. Does Not Satisfy the Avarice of the Protected Industries.

The Wool Growers' association has just held its annual convention and the members seem at a loss to understand the depressed condition of their business and, like other petted monopolists, are begging more fatherly assistance from Uncle Sam. They have resolved to ask the department of the interior to issue equal quantities of mutton and beef to the Indians and the army, as a further stimulant to the sheep industry. These wool pap-suckers are monopolists and not farmers. They appropriate the use of the government lands, driving off would-be settlers who would interfere with their free pasture. No content with a protection duty of about 100 per cent. on wool, they now cry for more aid to protect their languishing monopoly. They ask Uncle Sam to force their mutton down the throats of the Indians and the soldiers, whether the mutton is palatable or not. There is a vast difference in mutton; that from the Southdown or Cotswold sheep being of superior texture and flavor and that from the pure blood Merino almost unpalatable—it being stringy and of a disagreeable and strong flavor. What the white man of the cities refuses, is to be forced on the Indians and soldiers. All for the further protection and advantage of the few millionaire sheep men of the plains. Could any greater absurdity be attempted in the interest of a pampered "infant industry"? We might as well force the Indians and soldiers to eat the carcasses of the skunks and foxes, which are now wasted by the proprietors of the skunk and fox farms that enterprising Yankees have established in the wilds of Maine.

On the same day that the press dispatches announced the meeting of the Wool Growers' association, there appeared an interview with a leading citizen of Wyoming which shows that protection does not always protect, although it most certainly extorts from the general public. "With a tariff on wool that equals 11 cents a pound, our sheep raisers are getting only 13 cents per pound, and hardly that," said ex-Gov. Osborne, of Wyoming, at the New Willard. "The sheep, if sent to market, bring a very poor price for mutton, though eastern consumers have to pay a tariff that is simply exorbitant. But while the sheep raisers are feeling a depression in the value of their product, everything they have to procure in the way of ranch supplies has gone up fully 3-1-3 per cent. The burlap, the paint, the twine has advanced a third and over, and the bacon bought by wholesale for the employees is 19 cents per pound, as against nine cents a few years ago."

No one can know better than Gov. Osborne the true facts about the sheep industry of the northwest, and yet to hear republicans congressmen talk and to read republican newspapers, all is prosperity as the glorious results of the protective tariff.

High trust prices and protection for trusts and favored industries, is now to be supplemented by forcing our wards to consume what is otherwise unsalable. Too much brooding over protection has made these millionaire sheep ranchers mad. Thank goodness, they are all republicans.

Teosinte and Billion Dollar Grass.

The two greatest fodder plants on earth, one good for 14 tons hay and the other 80 tons green fodder per acre. Grows everywhere, so does Victoria Rape, yielding 60,000 lbs. sheep and swine food per acre. [K. L.]

JUST SEND 10c IN STAMPS TO THE John A. Salzer Seed Co., LaCrosse, Wis. and receive in return their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples.

"Well, Tommy, how are you getting on at school?" "First rate. I ain't doing so well as some of the other boys, though I can stand on my head; but I have to put my feet against the wall. I want to do it without the wall at all!"—Punch.

Stops the Cough.

and works off the cold. Laxative Brome Quinine Tablets. Price 25 cents

He multiplies his troubles who runs to meet them.—Ran's Horn.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Hypocrisy is the necessary burden of villainy.—Johnson.

Dyeing is as easy as washing when Putnam's Dye is used.

The best armor is to keep out of gun shot.—Bacon.



Fibroid Tumors Cured.

A distressing case of Fibroid Tumor, which baffled the skill of Boston doctors.

Mrs. Hayes, of Boston, Mass., in the following letter tells how she was cured, after everything else failed, by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. Hayes' First Letter Appealing to Mrs. Pinkham for Help:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been under Boston doctors' treatment for a long time without any relief. They tell me I have a fibroid tumor. I cannot sit down without great pain, and the soreness extends up my spine. I have bearing-down pains both back and front. My abdomen is swollen, and I have had flowing spells for three years. My appetite is not good. I cannot walk or be on my feet for any length of time."

"The symptoms of Fibroid Tumor given in your little book accurately describe my case, so I write to you for advice."—(Signed) Mrs. E. F. HAYES, 252 Dudley St., (Roxbury) Boston, Mass.

Note the result of Mrs. Pinkham's advice—although she advised Mrs. Hayes, of Boston, to take her medicine—which she knew would help her—her letter contained a mass of additional instructions as to treatment, all of which helped to bring about the happy result.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Sometime ago I wrote to you describing my symptoms and asked your advice. You replied, and I followed all your directions carefully, and to-day I am a well woman."

"The use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound entirely expelled the tumor and strengthened my whole system. I can walk miles now."

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is worth five dollars a drop. I advise all women who are afflicted with tumors or female trouble of any kind to give it a faithful trial."—(Signed) Mrs. E. F. HAYES, 252 Dudley St., (Roxbury) Boston, Mass.

Mountains of gold could not purchase such testimony—or take the place of the health and happiness which Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound brought to Mrs. Hayes.

Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound stands without a peer as a remedy for all the distressing ills of women; all ovarian troubles; tumors; inflammations; ulceration, falling and displacements of the womb; backache; irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation. Surely the volume and character of the testimonial letters we are daily printing in the newspapers can leave no room for doubt.

Mrs. Hayes at her above address will gladly answer any letters which sick women may write for fuller information about her illness. Her gratitude to Mrs. Pinkham and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is so genuine and heartfelt that she thinks no trouble is too great for her to take in return for her health and happiness.

Truly it is said that it is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that is curing so many women, and no other medicine; don't forget this when some druggist wants to sell you something else.

\$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.

Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

will be gladly paid to anyone who will furnish convicting evidence against imitators and substitutes who try to sell you worthless preparations when CASCARETS are called for. Don't ever take substitutes, but insist on having.

CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

The great merit of CASCARETS makes big sales everywhere. Therefore, now and then, dealers try to substitute "something just as good." It's a lie! Don't let them do it, and if they try, write us confidentially at once. Address STERLING REMEDY COMPANY, Chicago or New York. All Druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Beware of Imitations!

A RARE INVESTMENT

WE OFFER SUBJECT TO SALE

A small remainder of absolutely secured 8 per cent. first mortgage gold bonds, issued for development purposes by A. STROM, CONSERVATIVE MINING COMPANY, working LARGE PRODUCING MINES. Interest on bonds payable in gold some-when. In addition to the regular interest on the bonds, there is a feature of this investment which makes it CERTAIN OF YIELDING 100 PER CENT. over and above the amount invested. Write for detailed information about the above.

ARBUCKLE-GOOD COMMISSION CO., N. E. Corner FOURTH and OLIVE DEPT. K, ST. LOUIS, MO.

GALL-STONE CURE.

"Graemer's Gallstone Cure" is a certain remedy for GALL STONES.

Stones in the Kidneys, Bladder, Gallbladder, Bile Ducts, and all Stomach Troubles resulting from Bilestones. Write for Particulars. If your druggist does not keep it, order from M. M. K. R. & Co., 100 Grand Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

DEVELOPERS WE SUPPLY YOU DIRECTLY.